Belmont and Canterbury, New Hampshire

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

	Table of Contents June 30, 2012
Independent Auditor's Report	4-5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7-23
Basic Financial Statements Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	25 26
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	27 28
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	29
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Fiduciary Funds:	30
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Notes to Basic Financial Statements	31 33-49
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Notes to Required Supplementary Information	51 53-54
Other Supplementary Information	- /
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	56
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	57
Federal Awards Supplementary Information Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matt Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	ters
Government Auditing Standards Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements	59-60
Applicable to each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	61-62 64
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	66 68

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 

# **GRZELAK AND COMPANY, P.C.**

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Members – American Institute of CPA's Members – New Hampshire Society of CPA's Post Office Box 8 Laconia, New Hampshire 03247 Telephone (603) 524-6734

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the School Board Shaker Regional School District Belmont, New Hampshire

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shaker Regional School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Shaker Regional School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Shaker Regional School District, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2013, on our consideration of the Shaker Regional School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 23 and 51 through 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the Shaker Regional School District's financial statements as a whole. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Grzelak and Co., P.C.

**GRZELAK & COMPANY, P.C., CPA's** Laconia, New Hampshire August 14, 2014

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

The Superintendent of Schools and the Business Administrator, as "management" of the Shaker Regional School District (the "District"), a K-12 local education authority located in the Counties of Belknap and Merrimack, New Hampshire, submits this section of the District's annual financial report in order to present our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2012. Our discussion and analysis is in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net assets increased by \$402,574 or 5% between June 30, 2011 and 2012.
- The District's total combined net assets amounted to \$8,880,078 at June 30, 2012. Net assets consisted of \$9,118,794 invested in capital assets net of related debts; \$377,743 restricted for capital reserves; \$26,544 restricted for nonmajor funds; and an unrestricted negative net asset deficit of (\$643,003).
- The District has a \$1,319,097 liability for special termination benefits obligation that, under GASB 34, reduces net assets. In essence, the negative unrestricted net asset balance of the District is primarily the result of the recording of this early retirement obligation.
- The District's long-term liabilities, consisting of general obligation bonds, compensated absences and special termination benefits, decreased by \$480,932 during the year ended June 30, 2012.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$402,574 less than the \$20,132,907 in revenues generated from charges for services, operating grants and contributions and general revenues (consisting of the school district assessment and local, state and federal grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes).
- In March of 2003 voters authorized the establishment of the Special Education Expendable Trust Fund. In March of 2011 voters authorized the transfer of \$94,691 into that fund from the June 30, 2011 year-end unassigned fund balance, if available. The \$94,691 has been disbursed to the Special Education Expendable Trust Fund which, in accordance with State statute, is held by the Trustees of Trust Funds of the Town of Belmont. The balance in the fund as of June 30, 2012 was \$209,252.

#### Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

- In March of 1997 voters authorized the establishment of the School Facilities and Grounds Maintenance Expendable Trust Fund. In March of 2011 voters authorized the transfer of up to \$75,000 into that fund from the June 30, 2011 year-end unassigned fund balance, if available. The \$75,000 has been disbursed to the School Facilities and Grounds Maintenance Expendable Trust Fund which, in accordance with State statute, is held by the Trustees of Trust Funds of the Town of Belmont. During the year \$130,000 was transferred out of the fund and another \$55,900 was authorized to transferred, leaving a balance of \$5,672 in the fund as of June 30, 2012.
- In March, 2010 voters authorized the creation of the School Technology Expendable Trust Fund. In March of 2011 voters authorized the transfer of up to \$100,000 into that fund from the June 30, 2011 year-end unassigned fund balance, if available. The \$100,000 has been disbursed to the School Technology Expendable Trust Fund which, in accordance with State statute, is held by the Trustees of Trust Funds of the Town of Belmont. During the year \$40,000 was transferred out of the fund and another \$52,644 was authorized to transferred, leaving a balance of \$32,442 in the fund as of June 30, 2012.
- In March, 2011 voters voted to discontinue the Land Purchase Capital Reserve fund created on March 24, 2011. The discontinued fund had a balance of \$119,772 which is to be returned to the general fund. At the same meeting the voters authorized the creation of a new Land Purchase Capital Reserve Trust Fund. The voters authorized the transfer of \$25,000 into that fund from the June 30, 2011 year-end unassigned fund balance, if available. The \$25,000 has been disbursed to the Land Purchase Capital Reserve Trust Fund which, in accordance with State statute, is held by the Trustees of Trust Funds of the Town of Belmont. The new fund had a balance of \$25,014 as of June 30, 2012.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's annual report, which consists of a series of basic financial statements, notes and related financial or compliance information.

The District's financial statements are comprised of six primary sections or components:

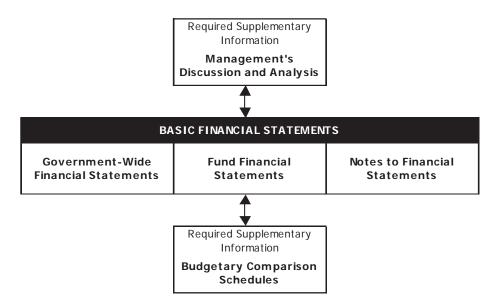
- (1) Basic government-wide financial statements,
- (2) Basic fund financial statements,
- (3) Notes to basic financial statements,
- (4) Required supplementary information,
- (5) Notes to required supplementary information,
- (6) Federal awards.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District based upon measurement focus and basis of accounting.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how the District's services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Exhibit A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.





#### Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Exhibit A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain.

#### Exhibit A-2

Government-Wide	Fund Statements						
Government-wide	Governmental	Fiduciary					
Entire District government	All activities of the District	Instances in which the					

	Entire District government	All activities of the District	Instances in which the
	(except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or	District is the trustee or
SCOPE		fiduciary	agent for someone else's resources

REQUIRED	Statement of Net Assets	Balance Sheet	Statement of Fiduciary Assets		
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	Statement of Activities	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets		

ACCOUNTING Accrual		Modified Accrual	Accrual
BASIS			

MEASUREMENT	Economic Resources	Current Financial	Economic Resources
FOCUS		Resources	

TYPE OF INFORMATION ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency funds do not currently have capital assets although they can			
TYPE OF INFORMATION REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND EXPENDITURES	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### **District Wide Financial Statements:**

The first two basic statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status and report net assets and changes in them. Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities and are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- In order to assess the overall health of the District other non-financial factors should also be considered, such as changes in the District's general revenues (principally the school district assessment which is derived by local and statewide property taxes and general state aid), and federal and state intergovernmental revenues (grant programs); the condition of the District's buildings and other depreciable property (likelihood of emergency repairs or maintenance); current and long-term student population information; and other items subject to significant financial or budgetary uncertainty (out-of-District special education enrollment and the related high cost potential of the mandated services).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are included in the Governmental Activities category. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, support services (including general and executive administration), and food services. General revenues, including the school district assessment, state aid, and federal and state grant programs, food service sales and federal reimbursements finance most of these activities.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. State law, regulation or bond covenant requires some funds, while others are established to comply with the requirements of grantors. The District has two kinds of funds:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationships (or differences) between them.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – The District is the trustee or agent (fiduciary) for private purpose trust funds and agency (student activities) funds. It is responsible as the fiduciary for ensuring that these funds are used only for the intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. We exclude these funds from the District's governmentwide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

### **Net Assets**

Exhibit B-1 shows the composition of the District's total combined net assets, which increased between June 30, 2011 and 2012 by \$402,574 or 5% to \$8,880,078.

		<b>Governmental Activities</b>							
	2011			2012	\$	\$ Change			
Assets									
Current and other assets Noncurrent assets	\$	1,370,838 9,851,114	\$	1,347,713 9,618,794	\$	(23,125) (232,320)			
Total assets		11,221,952		10,966,507		(255,445)			
Liabilities									
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities		922,318 1,822,130		745,231 1,341,198		(177,087) (480,932)			
Total liabilities		2,744,448		2,086,429		(658,019)			
Net Assets									
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		8,851,114		9,118,794		267,680			
Restricted		844,449		404,287		(440,162)			
Unrestricted		(1,218,059)		(643,003)		575,056			
Total net assets	\$	\$ 8,477,504 \$ 8,880,078 \$			\$	402,574			

### Exhibit B-1 NET ASSETS

A portion of the net assets are either invested in capital assets or restricted as to the purposes they can be used for.

- The District's investment in capital assets (land and land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation), net of related debt, is the largest component of the total combined net assets.
- Restricted net assets represent capital reserves and specific fund net asset amounts that are not available for discretionary spending.

Unrestricted net assets are a negative \$643,003; however that does not mean that the District has a significant payment requirement for next year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments that are more than currently available resources. This is primarily due to the recording of the District's \$1,319,097 long-term liability for special termination benefit obligations under the GASB 34 financial reporting model.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

## **Change in Net Assets**

The District's total revenues were \$20,132,907 while total expenses were \$19,730,333 and resulted in an increase in net assets of \$402,574.

Exhibit B-2 shows that a significant portion, 89.50% and 89.00%, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively came from sources that are primarily derived from local and state-wide property taxes and other state aid programs. Significant increases or decreases in the percentage of total revenues or percentages and amounts over or under the prior year revenue amounts for the District's revenue categories are as follows:

- School district assessment, 53.25% and 52.83% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase in the percentage of total revenue of 0.42% and an increase of \$362,364 over the prior year.
- State of New Hampshire sources intergovernmental revenues, 36.25% and 36.17% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase in the percentage of total revenues of 0.08% and an increase of \$207,863 over the prior year.
- Operating grants and contributions, 7.39% and 8.76% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, a decrease in the percentage of total revenues of 1.37%, and a decrease of \$229,825 from the prior year.

	 2011	% of Total		2012	% of Total		\$ Change	
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 305,387	1.56%	\$	281,908	1.40%	\$	(23,479)	
Operating grants and contributions	1,716,819	8.76%		1,486,994 7.39%			(229,825)	
General Revenues								
School district assessment	10,357,954	52.83%		10,720,318	53.25%		362,364	
Local sources	50,014	0.26%		145,806	0.72%		95,792	
State of New Hampshire sources	7,091,230	36.17%		7,299,093	36.25%		207,863	
Federal sources	82,443	0.42%		197,471	0.98%		115,028	
Miscellaneous	2,064	0.01%		1,317	0.01%		(747)	
	\$ 19,605,911	100.0%	\$	20,132,907	100.00%	\$	526,996	

#### Exhibit B-2 SOURCES OF DISTRICT REVENUES Governmental Activities

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

## Expenses

Exhibit B-3 shows that a significant portion, 94.21% and 93.26% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, of the District's total expenses were for instruction and support services.

Significant increase or decreases in the percentage of total expenses or percentages and amounts over or under the prior year expense amounts for the District's expense categories are as follows:

- Instruction expenses, 60.41% and 60.23% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase in the percentage of total expenses of 0.18% and an increase of \$221,344 over the prior year.
- Support services, 33.80% and 33.03% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase in the percentage of total expenses of 0.77% and an increase of \$255,131 over the prior year.
- Unallocated interest expense, 0.14% and 0.26% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, a decrease in the percentage of total expenses of .12% and a decrease of \$23,875 from the prior year.

### Exhibit B-3 DISTRICT EXPENSES

#### **Governmental Activities**

	2011		%	% 2012		%	\$ Change		
Functions / Programs									
Instruction	\$	11,698,688	60.23%	\$	11,920,032	60.41%	\$	221,344	
Support services		6,414,503	33.03%		6,669,634	33.80%		255,131	
Food service program		614,383	3.16%		653,893	3.31%		39,510	
Capital outlay		289,491	1.49%		103,403	0.52%		(186,088)	
Unallocated									
Interest		51,091	0.26%		27,216	0.14%		(23,875)	
Other uses		224	0.00%		1,214	0.01%		990	
Depreciation		354,761	1.83%		354,941	1.80%		180	
	\$	19,423,141	100.00%	\$	19,730,333	100.00%	\$	307,192	

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### **Governmental Activities**

Exhibit B-4 presents the net cost of the District's largest functions based upon the total expense, less charges for services and operating grants and contributions, of each function. The net cost reflects the amount that was funded by general revenues (principally the school district assessment which is derived by local and statewide property taxes and general state aid).

	2011					2012					
	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services				
Functions / Programs											
Instruction	\$	11,698,688	\$	10,279,969	\$	11,920,032	\$	10,689,026			
Support services		6,414,503		6,414,503		6,669,634		6,669,634			
Food service program		614,383		10,896		653,893		115,997			
Capital outlay		289,491		289,491		103,403		103,403			
Unallocated											
Interest		51,091		51,091		27,216		27,216			
Other uses		224		224		1,214		1,214			
Depreciation		354,761		354,761		354,941		354,941			
	\$	19,423,141	\$	17,400,935	\$	19,730,333	\$	17,961,431			

#### Exhibit B-4 TOTAL AND NET COST OF SERVICES

The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$19,730,333; the total net cost was \$17,961,431. The primary financing for these activities of the District was as follows:

#### Property taxes

The amount that was paid by taxpayers through property taxes as \$13,040,952; which consisted of \$10,720,318 paid in the form of local property taxes and \$2,320,634 paid in the form of property taxes under the State of New Hampshire state-wide education tax system for the annual school district assessment.

#### State sources

- \$4,598,705 was received as an "adequacy grant".
- \$287,520 was received in building aid.
- \$79,310 was received in catastrophic aid.
- \$12,924 was received in vocational aid.

#### Local sources

- Earnings on investments in the amount of \$1,317.
- Other local sources in the amount of \$37,950.

#### Federal sources

• Medicaid reimbursements in the amount of \$158,575.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# ANALYSIS OF BALANCE AND TRANSACTIONS OF THE DISTRICT'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

## **General Fund**

The total general fund balance increased \$137,457 during the year from a fund balance of \$947,266 at June 30, 2011 to a \$1,084,723 fund balance at June 30, 2012. The June 30, 2012 fund balance consisted of \$ \$377,743 restricted for capital expenditures, \$200,000 committed by district vote, \$90,086 assigned by the school board for contract encumbrances and an unassigned fund balance in the amount of \$416,894.

## **Major Special Revenue Funds**

### Grants Fund

Federal and state projects are classified as special revenue funds and are reported as a major fund in the basic financial statements. They are operated on a cost reimbursement basis. As a result, there is no fund balance.

### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

### Food Service Fund

The food service fund is classified as a special revenue fund and is aggregated in the category nonmajor governmental funds in the basic financial statements. The food service total fund balance received an operating transfer of \$84,810 from the general fund during the year and had a nonspendable fund balance of \$26,544 at June 30, 2012.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

## **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

For the year ended June 30, 2012 the District revised its statutory budgetary line items through budgetary transfers.

## Final Versus Original Budget Comparisons

The final budget varied from the original budget for the following items:

 Encumbrances in the amount of \$102,218 were carried forward to supplement the original budget approved by voters.

Actual Versus Final Budget Comparison

The amounts of actual inflows (resources) and outflows (charges to appropriations) varied from the final budget for the following significant items:

- Actual inflows (resources) were more than the budgetary revenue estimates by a positive variance of \$441,626.
- The original budget for the general fund in the amount of \$18,711,845 consists of the total appropriation voted of \$20,346,845 less amounts representing offsets for other funds; \$575,000 for the Food Service Fund and \$1,060,000 for the Federal and State Projects Fund.
- Actual total outflows (expenditures or charges to appropriations) were less than the budgeted total appropriation by a positive variance of \$265,354.
- None of the currently known reasons for the budgetary variations are expected to have a significant effect on future services or liquidity.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT AMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2012, the District had invested \$9,618,794 (\$16,248,255 at cost or estimated cost less accumulated depreciation of \$6,629,461) in a broad range of capital assets, including land and land improvements, buildings, furniture, and general equipment assets as summarized in Exhibit C-1.

This amounts represents a net decrease of (\$232,320) or (2.36%) from the prior year. This year's major additions are also summarized in Exhibit C-1.

	Governmental Activities							
Net Capital Assets		2011		2012	Change			
Land and improvements	\$	371,157		371,157	0.00%			
Buildings		13,192,434		13,192,434	0.00%			
Vehicles		-		25,000	100.00%			
Furniture and equipment		2,568,046		2,659,664	3.57%			
Capital assets, at cost		16,131,637		16,248,255	0.72%			
Accumulated depreciation		6,280,523		6,629,461	5.56%			
Capital assets, net	\$	9,851,114	\$	9,618,794	-2.36%			
Increase (Decrease) in Capital Assets, Net			\$	(232,320)				
Major Changes								
Vehicles			\$	25,000				
Furniture and equipment				98,835				
Gain (Loss) of disposals				(1,214)				
Depreciation expense				(354,941)				
			\$	(232,320)				

### Exhibit C-1 NET CAPITAL ASSETS AND MAJOR ADDITIONS

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

**Governmental Activities** 

## Debt

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$1,341,198 of long-term obligations (\$1,841,198 in total obligations less the current portion of \$500,000) as summarized in Exhibit C-2.

This amount represents a net decrease of (\$480,932) or (26.39%) from the prior year.

	0011					
Long-Term Liabilities		2011		2012	Change	
General obligation bonds	\$	1,000,000	\$	500,000	-50.00%	
Compensated absences		29,620		22,101	-25.38%	
Early retirement		1,292,510		1,319,097	2.06%	
Less current portion		2,322,130 500,000		1,841,198 500,000	-20.71% 0.00%	
	\$	1,822,130	\$	1,341,198	-26.39%	
Increase (Decrease), Net			\$	(480,932)		
Significant Changes						
General obligation bonds principal payments during the year			\$	(500,000)		
Increase (Decrease) in early retirement obligations				26,587		
Change in compensated absences				(7,519)		
Change in current portion				-		
			\$	(480,932)		

## Exhibit C-2 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

State law (RSA 195:611) limits the amount of general obligation debt that the District may incur at any one time to 10% of the locally assessed valuations (of the towns in which the District is located) as equalized by the Commissioner of the New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration. At June 30, 2012 the District was significantly below its legal debt limit of approximately \$92,844,135.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

District management and the School Board considered many factors when submitting the fiscal year 2012-2013 budget to the District voters. One of the major factors continues to be the impact of yearly changes in revenues under the State's system of funding education on the school district assessment to be assessed to each of the two towns in the District.

These economic factors that may continue, or begin, to impact the Shaker Regional School District include:

- The national, state and local economy
- Reduction in State Aid Programs including
  - Vocational Education Tuition & Transportation
  - Building Aid
  - o Medicaid Reimbursement
  - Catastrophic Aid
- The increased cost toward the New Hampshire Retirement System for the teacher's retirement
- Changes in Block Grant formula funding

Exhibit D-1 compares the actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012 with the amounts budgeted for fiscal year 2012-2013.

### Exhibit D-1 STATE TAX AND ADEQUACY GRANTS

	20	2012 Actual		2012 Actual		2012 Actual		013 Budget	% Change
Town of Belmont	\$	5,802,937	\$	5,735,027	-1.17%				
Town of Canterbury		1,015,029		1,056,235	4.06%				
	\$	6,817,966	\$	6,791,262	-0.39%				

#### Shaker Regional School District For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Another factor was the assessed valuations in each of the towns. Exhibit D-2 shows the assessed values for each of the towns in the District used by the State to set the local school district property tax rate for the fiscal years 2011-2012 and 2012-2013.

### Exhibit D-2 ASSESSED VALUES

	2	2012 Actual		013 Budget	% Change
Town of Belmont	\$	733,926,966	\$	632,063,064	-13.88%
Town of Canterbury		272,673,859		244,222,407	-10.43%
	\$	1,006,600,825	\$	876,285,471	-12.95%

As a result of the above factor, the school district assessment is allocated to each of the towns in the District under a formula calculation which is based on the relative percent to the total of the two components: (1) 50% by the equalized valuation percentage; and (2) 50% by the average daily membership (ADM-R) less home study percentage. Exhibit D-3 shows the average daily membership for each of the towns in the District used by the State to set the local school district property tax rate for the fiscal years 2011-2012 and 2012-2013.

### Exhibit D-3 AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP

	2012 Actual	2013 Budget	% Change
Town of Belmont	1,102	1,049	-4.81%
Town of Canterbury	269	273	1.49%
	1,371	1,322	-3.57%

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding this report should be directed to Ms. Debbie Thompson, Business Administrator, at (603-267-9223) or by mail at:

Shaker Regional School District ATTN: Debbie Thompson 58 School Street Belmont, NH 03220 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 119,622
Receivables, net	491,219
Due from other governments Inventories	706,914 26,544
Prepaid	3,414
Current assets	1,347,713
Noncurrent Assets	1,547,715
Capital assets:	
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	371,157
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,247,637
Noncurrent assets	9,618,794
Total assets	10,966,507
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	125,688
Accrued expenses	15,995
Due to other governments Deferred revenue	73,423 30,125
Current portion of long-term liabilities	500,000
Current liabilities	745,231
Noncurrent Liabilities	740,201
Compensated absences	1,341,198
Noncurrent liabilities	1,341,198
Total liabilities	2,086,429
NET ASSETS	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	9,118,794
Restricted for:	
Capital reserves	377,743
Other nonmajor purposes	26,544
Unrestricted	(643,003)
Total net assets	\$ 8,880,078

#### Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2012

8,880,078

\$

			Program	Rever	nues	R	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Assets
				C	perating	Prima	ary Government
		Cha	rges for	G	rants and	G	overnmental
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Se	ervices	Со	ntributions		Activities
Governmental activities: Instruction							
Regular instruction	\$ 8,102,361	\$	8,407	\$	165,827	\$	(7,928,127)
Special education instruction	2,043,943		-		1,056,772		(987,171)
Vocational instruction	149,550		-		-		(149,550)
Other instruction	1,624,178		-		-		(1,624,178)
Support services	1 707 154						
Student support services	1,727,154		-		-		(1,727,154)
Instructional staff services General administration	805,161 127,040		-		-		(805,161)
Executive administration	211,107		-		-		(127,040) (211,107)
School administrative services	1,101,914		-		-		(1,101,914)
Business services	298,523				_		(298,523)
Operation and maintenance	1,421,265		_		_		(1,421,265)
Student transportation	977,470		-		-		(977,470)
Food service program	653,893		273,501		264,395		(115,997)
Interest expense	27,216		-		-		(27,216)
Capital outlay	103,403		-		-		(103,403)
Other uses / expenses	1,214		-		-		(1,214)
Depreciation (unallocated)	354,941		-		-		(354,941)
Total governmental activities	19,730,333		281,908		1,486,994		(17,961,431)
	General revenues	:					
	School district a	issessme	ent			\$	10,720,318
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes:							
	Local sources						145,806
State of New Hampshire sources							7,299,093
	Federal sources						197,471
	Investment Inc						1,317
	Total general	revenue	ès				18,364,005
	Change in ne	t assets					402,574
	Net assets - begin	nning					8,477,504

Net assets - ending

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

					ľ	lonmajor		Total
	Ge	neral	0	Grants	Go	vernmental	Gov	vernmental
	F	und		Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	114,848	\$	-	\$	4,774	\$	119,622
Held by trustees	2	186,287		-		-		486,287
Receivables, net		1,071		2,180		1,681		4,932
Due from other governments		37,379		650,759		18,776		706,914
Due from other funds	Ę	565,630		-		-		565,630
Inventories		-		-		26,544		26,544
Prepaids		3,414		-		-		3,414
Total assets	\$ 1,2	208,629	\$	652,939	\$	51,775	\$	1,913,343
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	43,273	\$	82,373	\$	42	\$	125,688
Accrued expenses		7,210		-		-		7,210
Due to other governments		73,423		-		-		73,423
Due to other funds		-		546,591		19,039		565,630
Deferred revenue		-		23,975		6,150		30,125
Total liabilities		23,906		652,939		25,231		802,076
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		26,544		26,544
Restricted	3	377,743		-		-		377,743
Committed	2	200,000		-		-		200,000
Assigned		90,086		-		-		90,086
Unassigned	2	16,894		-		-		416,894
Total fund balance	1,0	084,723		-		26,544		1,111,267
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,2	208,629	\$	652,939	\$	51,775	\$	1,913,343

### Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,111,267
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,248,255 (6,629,461)	9,618,794
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Bonds payable Compensated absences Special early termination benefits OPEB obligation	 (500,000) (22,101) (1,319,097) -	(1,841,198)
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the governmental fund financial statements, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		 (8,785)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities		\$ 8,880,078

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Ge	eneral Fund	Grants Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues						
School district assessment	\$	10,720,318	\$-	\$ -	\$	10,720,318
Local sources	Ψ	46,357	<sup>•</sup> 107,856	273,513	Ŷ	427,726
State of New Hampshire sources		7,316,201	-	7,898		7,324,099
Federal sources		307,294	1,056,772	295,393		1,659,459
Investment income		1,305	-	-		1,305
Total revenues		18,391,475	1,164,628	576,804		20,132,907
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction		10,670,072	1,312,758	-		11,982,830
Support services		2,537,113	-	-		2,537,113
General administration		128,140	-	-		128,140
Executive administration		4,046,350	-	-		4,046,350
Capital outlay		103,403	-	-		103,403
Food service program		-	-	653,893		653,893
Debt service:						
Principal		500,000	-	-		500,000
Interest		36,000				36,000
Total expenditures		18,021,078	1,312,758	653,893		19,987,729
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		370,397	(148,130)	(77,089)		145,178
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-	148,130	84,810		232,940
Transfers out		(232,940)				(232,940)
Net change in fund balances		137,457	-	7,721		145,178
Fund balances - beginning of year		947,266		18,823		966,089
Fund balances - end of year	\$	1,084,723	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 26,544</u>	\$	1,111,267

#### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2012

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 145,178
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense Loss on disposal of assets	\$ 123,835 (354,941) <u>(1,214</u> )	(232,320)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Principal on bonds Principal on capital leases	 500,000	500,000
Interest on long-term liabilities in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		
Accrued interest (increase) decrease		8,784
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		
Compensated absences (increase) decrease Early retirement (increase) decrease OPEB obligation (increase) decrease	 7,519 (26,587) -	 (19,068)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 402,574

#### Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Student Activities	Total Agency Funds	Total Fiduciary Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	<u>\$ 138,483</u> 138,483	<u>\$ 138,483</u> 138,483	\$ 138,483 138,483
Liabilities			
Due to student groups Total liabilities	<u>138,483</u> 138,483	<u>138,483</u> 138,483	<u>138,483</u> 138,483
Net Assets			
Held in trust for private purposes Total net assets	<u>-</u> \$		<u>-</u> \$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Shaker Regional School District (the "District" or "Government") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also require to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. The significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

#### A. THE REPORTING ENTITY

The District is a primary (special-purpose) local government governed by an elected board. As required by GAAP, these financial statements are required to present the District and its component units (if any).

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization; or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government. Fiscal independency is the ability to complete certain essential fiscal events without substantive approval by a primary government: (a) determine its budget without another government's having the authority to approve and modify that budget; (b) levy taxes or set rates or charges without approval by another government; and (c) issue bonded debt without approval by another government. Based upon the application of these criteria, these financial statements include no component units.

#### B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District does not have any business type primary activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net assets are reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions / programs. The functions / programs are also supported by general revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants reflect capital-specific grants. The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue. The District does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

#### C. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The individual funds account for the governmental resources allocated to them for the purpose of carrying on specific activities in accordance with laws, regulations, or other restrictions. Funds are classified into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Fund financial statements focus on major funds of the primary government in contrast to the governmental and business type (if any) activities reported in the government-wide financial statements. Major funds represent the government's most important funds and are determined based on a minimum criteria set forth in GASBS No. 34 (numerical formula using total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or activity combined). Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements with a combined column for all other nonmajor funds. The general fund is required to be reported as major fund.

The following fund types are used by the District:

1. <u>Governmental Funds</u> – The focus of governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

**General Fund** is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (such as federal and state grants and the food service program) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

**Capital Project Funds** are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

 Fiduciary Funds – The reporting focus of fiduciary funds is on net assets and, for private purpose trust funds, changes in net assets. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the District, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements. The following is a description of the fiduciary funds of the District:

**Private Purpose Trust Funds** are used to report trust arrangements under which the principal and interest benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The assets are essentially held in trust for someone outside the reporting entity.

**Agency Funds** are used to report assets held in a custodial capacity for individuals or organizations outside of the reporting entity. The assets for these funds equal the liabilities and there is no operating activity to report.

#### D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Two different measurement focuses are used under the new financial reporting model, the flow of current financial resources and the flow of economic resources. The determination of when transactions are recognized is referred to as the basis of accounting. Like measurement focus, there are two different bases of accounting used; the accrual basis and the modified accrual basis.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements use the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, generally, all revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities should be recognized when the economic exchange takes place. The government-wide financial statements report all of the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and gains and losses of the entire government. These financial statements do not report fund information. Instead they focus on two specific types of activities performed by the government, "governmental activities" and, when applicable, "business type activities". Governmental and proprietary fund types are included in the governmental and, when applicable, business type activities reported in the government-wide financial statements and therefore utilize the measurement focus and basis of accounting applicable to these statements. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues and asset are recognized when they susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, generally within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures and liabilities are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred and due, with certain modifications. Debt service and capital lease payments are recognized when the payment is due and compensated absences, claims and judgments, and special termination benefits are recognized to the extent that the liabilities are "normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources". Fiduciary fund financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting.

#### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date of within three months of the date acquired by the District.

Investments are stated at fair value (quoted market price or the best available estimate).

#### Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either, loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures / expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### Inventories

For fund financial statements, inventories are accounted for utilizing the purchase method. Under this method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased. For government-wide financial statements, inventories are carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

#### **Capital Assets**

For government-wide financial statements, capital assets purchased or acquired, in accordance with the District's capitalization policy, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The capitalization threshold represents the amount that capital assets acquired must be capitalized. The District, however, may capitalize individual or aggregate assets under the threshold. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the assets estimated useful lives.

ASSET	 talization reshold	Estimated Useful Lives
Land improvements	\$ 1,500	20
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,500	20-50
Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,500	5-20

For fund financial statements, capital assets purchased for governmental operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund at the time of purchase.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The District accrued accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

#### Long-term Obligations

All long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term debt generally consists of bonds payable, capital leases and accrued compensated absences and special termination benefits. Governmental funds reported in the fund financial statements are concerned with current financial resources only and do not report long-term debt. Instead, debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources when received and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when due.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2012

#### **Governmental Fund Equity and Fund Balance Policy**

The district implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.* The statement established new fund balance classifications and reporting requirements as follows:

Nonspendable – Are fund balances that cannot be spent because they are either; not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid amounts, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as the principal of a permanent fund.

Restricted – Are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of enabling legislation or externally imposed constraints, such as grant requirements or laws or regulations.

Committed – Are amounts that can be used for specific purposes because of a format action by the entities highest level of decision-making authority. This would include contractual obligations if existing resources have been committed. Formal action to establish constraints should be taken before year-end, even if the amount might not be determined until the subsequent period.

Assigned – Are amounts intended to be used for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, or by and official whom authority has been given. This is the residual fund balance classification of all governmental funds except the general fund. Assigned fund balances should not be reported in the general fund if doing so causes the government to report a negative "unassigned" general fund balance.

Unassigned – Is the residual classification for the general fund. The general fund is the only governmental fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might have a negative unassigned fund balance as a result to overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

In instances where both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available to fund expenditures, the restricted fund balances will be exhausted first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances.

### Revenues

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the period in which the resources are measurable and available. Revenue resulting from non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, generally includes grants and donations and is recognized when applicable grantor requirements, including purpose, eligibility, timing, and matching have been met.

General revenues on the Statement of Activities include the school district assessment (levied by the appropriate local governments as property taxes) and aid from various State of New Hampshire sources that are not program revenues (charges for services, or related to operating or capital grant programs).

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## Legal Debt Limit

Per state statute, the District may not incur debt at any one time in excess of 10% of its locally assessed valuation (for all municipalities in the District) as last equalized by the Commissioner of the New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration.

For the year ended June 30, 2012, the District had not exceeded its legal debt limit.

### **Risk Management**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District is a member in the *Workers' Compensation* and *Property/Liability* programs of the *New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex<sup>3</sup>). Primex<sup>3</sup>* is a public entity pooled risk management program under RSA 5-B and RSA 281-A. The *Primex<sup>3</sup>* board retains the statutory coverage for workers' compensation and property/liability. The District shares in contributing to the cost of, and receiving the benefits from, this pooled risk management program under a member participation agreement which permits *Primex<sup>3</sup>* to make additional assessments to members, should there be a deficiency in contributions for any year, not to exceed the member's annual contribution. At the current time, *Primex<sup>3</sup>* foresees no likelihood of an assessment for any prior year in which the District was a member.

## **Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities**

### **Grant Programs**

The District participates in numerous state, federal and private funded programs, which are governed by various laws, regulations, contracts and agreements of the grantor. Costs charged to these programs are subject to audit or review by the grantor; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with laws, regulations, contracts and agreements of the grantor, refunds of money for any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a contingent liability of the District. At June 30, 2012, the District believes that there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the laws, regulations, contracts and agreements governing these programs; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the financial statements for such contingencies.

## Litigation

The District is subject to various claims, and sometimes lawsuits, which arise in the normal course of operations. Management of the District believes that the outcome of these contingencies will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial statements and accordingly, no provision for loss has been recorded.

# **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 119,622
Fiduciary funds:	
Cash and investments	 138,483
	\$ 258,105

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2012 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ -
Deposits with financial institutions	258,105
Investments	 -
	\$ 258,105

### Credit Risk - Deposits

The District maintains deposits in accordance with RSA 197:23-a which states that the district treasurer shall deposit the moneys in participation units in the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22, or in solvent banks in the state, except that funds may be deposited in banks outside the state if such banks pledge and deliver to a third party custodial bank or the regional federal reserve bank collateral security for such deposits United States government obligations, United States government agency obligations, or obligations of the state of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case.

### Credit Risk - Investments

The District maintains investments in accordance with RSA 197:23-a which states that whenever the treasurer has in custody an excess of funds which are not immediately needed for the purpose of expenditure, the treasurer shall, with the approval of the school board, invest the same in obligations of the United States government, in participation units in the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22, in savings bank deposits of banks incorporated under the laws of the state of New Hampshire or in certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the state of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the state treasurer. Any person who directly or indirectly receives any such funds for deposit or for investment in securities of any kind shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the District. Only securities defined by the bank commissioner as provided by rules adopted pursuant to RSA 386:57 shall be eligible to be pledged as collateral. At least yearly, the school board shall review and adopt an investment policy for the investment of public funds in conformance with the provisions of applicable statutes.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. Investments of 5% or more of the District's investments are as follows:

100.00% Repurchase Agreement

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments underlying repurchase agreements) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (Months)									
Investment Type		12 Mor			13 to 24 Months			5 to 60 Aonths			e Than 60 Months
Investment Type		Le	55		WORTERS		N	IONUNS		I	VIOLITIS
Repurchase Agreement	\$ 776,208	\$	-	\$		-	\$		-	\$	776,208

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk on deposits. As of June 30, 2012, the District's bank balance of \$1,014,610 was covered by deposit insurance and collateral and \$0 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and the collateral for the amounts was under an agreement to repurchase which was not insured or guaranteed by the bank.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's \$776,208 in various investments, \$0 is held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2012

# **NOTE 4 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS**

### **Balances**

Individual interfund balances at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	D	ue From	Due To		
Major Funds:					
General fund	\$	565,630	\$	-	
Grants fund		-		546,591	
Nonmajor Funds:					
Food service fund		-		19,039	
	\$	565,630	\$	565,630	

#### Transfers

Individual interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	т.	ransfers In	Transfers Out		
Major Funds:					
General fund	\$	-	\$	232,940	
Grants fund		148,130		-	
Nonmajor Funds:					
Food service fund		84,810			
	\$	232,940	\$	232,940	

The District makes routine transfers during the year between the general fund and other funds based upon statutory or budgetary authorization. There were no significant transfers made during the year that were not routine or were inconsistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2012

# **NOTE 5 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

### **Intergovernmental Receivables**

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	General Fund		Grants Fund		Gove	nmajor ernmental Funds
Local Governments						
Town of Belmont	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other		5,730		-		-
State Government						
New Hampshire Retirement System		21,239		-		-
Federal / State Government						
Pass-through grants and other		10,410		650,759		18,776
	\$	37,379	\$	650,759	\$	18,776

Intergovernmental receivables result primarily from federal grant and food service reimbursements (passed-through the State of New Hampshire).

## **Intergovernmental Payables**

Intergovernmental payables at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	 neral Jund	Nonmajor Governmenta Funds		
Local Governments				
SAU 30	\$ -	\$	-	
Other	-		-	
State Government				
New Hampshire	-		-	
Federal / State Government				
Pass-through grants and other	 -		-	
	\$ -	\$	-	

# **NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities (at cost)				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 353,257	\$-	\$-	\$ 353,257
Construction in progress	-	-	-	_
	353,257		-	353,257
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	17,900	-	-	17,900
Buildings	13,192,434	-	-	13,192,434
Vehicles	-	25,000	-	25,000
Furniture and equipment	2,568,046	98,835	7,217	2,659,664
	15,778,380	123,835	7,217	15,894,998
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	3,505	-	-	3,505
Buildings	4,156,200	192,501	-	4,348,701
Vehicles	-	260	-	260
Furniture and equipment	2,120,818	162,180	6,003	2,276,995
Accumulated depreciation	6,280,523	354,941	6,003	6,629,461
Capital assets being depreciated, net	9,497,857	(231,106)	1,214	9,265,537
Governmental activities capital assets, Net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,851,114	\$ (231,106)	\$ 1,214	\$ 9,618,794

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2012 (unallocated)

\$ 354,941

# NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The District can issue general obligation debt instruments to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital equipment, infrastructure and other facilities. General obligation debt instruments are "direct government obligations" and consequently are a pledge of the full faith and credit of the District. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences and early retirement obligations.

A summary of long-term liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	0	General bligation Bonds	pensated psences		Early ermination Benefits	 Total
Beginning balance Additions Reductions	\$	1,000,000 - (500,000)	\$ 29,620 - (7,519)	\$	1,292,510 26,587 -	\$ 2,322,130 26,587 (507,519)
Ending balance		500,000	 22,101	_	1,319,097	 1,841,198
Current portion Noncurrent portion		500,000	۔ 22,101		۔ 1,319,097	500,000 1,341,198
	\$	500,000	\$ 22,101	\$	1,319,097	\$ 1,841,198

Long-term liabilities outstanding at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

	Issue Year	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Original Amount of Issue	Amount Outstanding 6/30/12
General Obligation Bonds High School Construction	1997	4.75-4.8%	2012	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 500,000
Other Long-Term Obligations Compensated absences Early termination benefits					22,101 1,319,097 1,341,198
					\$ 1,841,198

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Principal			nterest		Total
2013	\$	500,000	\$	12,000	\$	512,000
2014		-		-		-
2015		-		-		-
2016		-		-		-
2017		-		-		-
After		-		-		-
	\$	500,000	\$	12,000	\$	512,000
	Ŷ	555,000	Ŷ	12,000	Ŷ	512,000

# NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN

The District participates in the New Hampshire Retirement System (the "System"), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan and trust established in 1967 by RSA 100-A:2 administered by a Board of Trustees. The plan is a contributory plan that provides service, disability, death and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System, 4 Chenell Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301.

The System is funded by contributions from both the employees and the District. Per RSA-100:16, plan member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature while the employer contribution rates are determined by the System Board of Trustees based on an actuarial valuation. Plan members are required to contribute 5.0% of their covered salary. The District's contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2012 were 8.80% and 11.30% of covered payroll for teachers and other employees, respectively. The District's contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$1,024,710, \$771,476, and \$590,150, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

# **NOTE 9 - COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS**

The District normally negotiates long-term agreements with qualifying employee groups through a formal collective bargaining process. The District voters must ratify the agreement. State budgetary statutes require disclosure of certain aggregate cost items / cost item increases to be incurred during the term of the agreement. Cost items include levels of compensation and related fringe benefits (such as the District portion of employee health, dental, group life and disability insurances) and sick, vacation and other compensated absences or special termination benefits.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2012

# **NOTE 10 - POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE**

#### POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan description and annual OPEB cost

Benefits provided to retirees follow New Hampshire Statute 100-A:50 (Medical Insurance Coverage). This statute states that the district "shall permit its employees upon retirement to continue to participate in the same medical insurance or health care group or plan as its active employees. Retired employees shall be deemed to be part of the same group as active employees of the same employer for purposes of determining medical insurance premiums. Coverage for spouses, other family members and beneficiaries of retirees shall also be permitted to the extent that coverage is provided for the spouses, other family members and beneficiaries of active employees..." In addition, the statute states "Each political subdivision, as employer, may elect to pay the full cost of group medical insurance or health care coverage for its retirees, or may require each retiree to pay any part or all of the cost of the retiree's participation."

The school district provides medical benefits to its eligible retirees. The school district acquires health insurance through the School Care Health Benefit Plans of the New Hampshire Health Care Coalition (the "Coalition"). Benefits provided by Coalition are administered by CIGNA. Employees are eligible to retire after reaching age 55. Retirees contribute 100% for coverage.

The school district implemented GASB Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions. This required the school district to calculate and record a net other post-employment benefit obligation at year end. The school district used the alternative measurement method to prepare this valuation permitted by Statement 45. The net other post-employment benefit obligation is basically the cumulative difference between the required contribution and the actual contributions made.

As of the most recent valuation date, 12 retired employees receive health benefits from the school district. The school district recognizes the cost of providing health insurance annually as expenditures in the general fund of the funds financial statements as payments are made. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the school district recognized \$202,015 for its share of the implicit rate subsidy for currently enrolled retirees.

The school district has obtained a valuation report which indicates that the total liability for other postemployment benefits is \$1,758,485 (\$402,729 related to retirees and \$1,355,756 related to employees).

The school district's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) for its plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the school district annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the school district's net OPEB obligation:

	Endeo	the Year June 30, 2012
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	202,015
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	\$	-
Adjustment to ARC (if Applicable)	\$	
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	\$	202,015
Contributions Made - Active Employees Premium Subsidy Paid	\$	202,015
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation	\$	-
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	\$	
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	-

The school district's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

	Percentage of			
	Annual OPEB Cost			Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ending	Annual	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligaton
June 30, 2012	\$	202,015	100%	\$0

As of the most recent valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The accrued liability for benefits was \$1,758,485 and the value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded accrued liability (UAL) of \$1,758,485. Valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the accrued liabilities for benefits.

### Cost methods and assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The cost methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in accrued liabilities and the value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the most recent valuation, the Projected Unit Credit cost method was used, the assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date.

The annual healthcare cost trend rates below were applied:

Year	Medical
6/30/2012	8.00%
6/30/2013	8.00%
6/30/2014	7.50%
6/30/2015	7.00%
6/30/2016 6/30/2017	6.50% 6.00%

The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012 was 27 years.

# NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM COMMITMENT

The District has entered into a five-year contract with a carrier for student transportation services. Under the terms and conditions of the contract the carrier will operate the regular routes and specialized transportation (as requested) of the District as follows:

		Specialized Transportation - As Requested							
Fiscal Year	Regular Routes	Li	ate Bus	Lao	conia Voc. Ed		nnisquam /oc. Ed	M	id-Day K
2008-2009	\$ 549, 144	\$	9,070	\$	45,314	\$	12,604	\$	38,326
2009-2010	569,250		9,402		46,973		13,065		39,729
2010-2011	590, 161		9,747		48,698		13,545		41,188
2011-2012	611,907		10,106		50,492		14,044		42,706
2012-2013	634,523		10,480		52,358		14,563		44,284
	\$ 2,954,985	\$	48,805	\$	243,835	\$	67,821	\$	206,233

The contract contains a cost of fuel "cap" component stated at \$2.85 per gallon, net of all taxes. When the cost of fuel exceeds the cap the District shall reimburse the carrier for the excess cost based upon actual mileage operated calculated at 6.8 miles per gallon for 77-passenger buses and 10.0 miles per gallon for 20-passenger mini-buses.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2012

# **NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCE COMPONENTS**

The District's governmental fund balance components under GASB 54 are comprised of the following:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$	-	\$ 26,544	\$	26,544
Prepaid expenditures		-	-		-
Restricted:					
Capital reserves		377,743	-		377,743
Committed:					
District vote		200,000	-		200,000
Assigned:					
Encumbrances		90,086	-		90,086
Unassigned:		416,894	 -		416,894
	\$	1,084,723	\$ 26,544	\$	1,111,267

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 332,634	\$ 434,852	\$ 416,331	\$ (18,521)
Resources (inflows):				
School district assessment				
Local school tax	10,720,336	10,720,336	10,720,318	(18)
Local sources				
Tuition	3,512	3,512	8,407	4,895
Earnings on investments	3,000	3,000	866	(2,134)
Other	982	982	37,950	36,968
State of New Hampshire sources				
School building aid	287,520	287,520	287,520	-
Catastrophic aid	79,004	79,004	79,310	306
Vocational aid	4 600 706	-	12,924	12,924
Adequacy grant State education tax	4,598,705 2,320,634	4,598,705 2,320,634	4,598,705 2,320,634	-
State of New Hampshire retirement income	17,108	17,108	17,108	-
Federal sources	17,100	17,100	17,100	-
Medicaid distribution	80,000	80,000	158,575	78,575
Ed jobs funds	148,719	148,719	148,719	10,313
Operating transfers in	140,717	140,717	140,717	
Special revenue funds	119,691	119,691	448,322	328,631
Amounts available for appropriation	18,711,845	18,814,063	19,255,689	441,626
Charges to appropriations (outflows): Instruction Regular instruction Special education instruction Vocational instruction Other instruction Community / After school program Support services Student support services	8,110,132 2,368,167 179,306 314,513 17,442 1,766,330	8,131,841 2,368,167 179,306 316,868 17,442 1,767,630	8,107,542 2,067,647 175,923 310,304 8,656 1,727,154	24,299 300,520 3,383 6,564 8,786 40,476
Instructional staff services	766,118	772,947	809,959	(37,012)
General administration	110 117	110 117	100 140	(10,000)
Other school board	110,117	110,117	128,140	(18,023)
Executive administration SAU management services	221,432	221,432	211,107	10,325
School administrative services	1,102,098	1,103,412	1,101,914	1,498
Business services	289,773	290,588	299,675	(9,087)
Operation and maintenance	1,365,055	1,395,204	1,456,184	(60,980)
Student transportation	914,605	914,605	977,470	(62,865)
Support services	293,318	293,318	-	293,318
Capital outlay	27070.0	2707010		2,0,010
Various	62,748	100,495	103,403	(2,908)
Debt service	,	,	,	(_/····)
Debt service principal	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Debt service interest	36,000	36,000	36,000	-
Operating transfers out	00,000	00,000	00,000	
Special revenue funds	294,691	294,691	527,631	(232,940)
Total charges to appropriations	18,711,845	18,814,063	18,548,709	265,354
Budgetary Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 706,980	\$ 706,980

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2012

# **NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

# A. Original Budget

Governmental budgetary appropriations and estimated revenues are accounted for on a fund basis in accordance with state statutes, administrative rules and local laws, policies or procedures. The budgetary process results in a formally adopted District budget by voters at the annual District meeting. Subsequent regulatory reviews by departments of the State of New Hampshire are made of the budgetary process (warrant articles, required results of votes, etc.), adopted budget and the estimated revenues of the District. After final allocation of state aid programs to the District and approval of final estimated revenues (including the use of beginning unassigned general fund balance), a balanced District budget is achieved in accordance with State statute (the "original" budget). The original budget is the first complete, legally appropriated budget adjusted for appropriate changes occurring *before* the beginning of the year. The original budget for the general fund in the amount of \$18,711,845 consists of the total appropriation voted of \$20,346,845 less amounts representing offsets for other funds; \$575,000 for the Food Service Fund, \$1,060,000 for the federal and state projects fund. The final budget is \$102,218 higher and is based on adding the prior year reserve for encumbrance carried forward.

# B. Budgetary Changes, Transfers, Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations

## **Budgetary Changes**

In accordance with RSA 198:20-b, appropriations may be made by the school board by applying for, accepting and expending unanticipated funds (money from a state, federal or other governmental unit or a private source) which become available during the year without further action by the District. Such money may be used only for legal purposes for which a school district may appropriate money; shall not require the expenditure of other school district funds except those funds lawfully appropriated for the same purpose; and shall be exempt from the provisions of RSA 32 relative to the limitation of expenditure of school district moneys. The statute requires the school board to hold a public hearing on the action to be taken and to comply with various public notice requirements.

# Transfers

The school board may authorize budgetary transfers between allowable appropriations (programs, functions or categories); however, total expenditures may not exceed the total allowable appropriations budgeted (which consists of the original budget plus appropriations allowable under RSA 198:20-b, encumbrances carried forward from the prior year and continuing appropriations, if any).

### **Encumbrances and Continuing Appropriations**

All annual appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered. Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Encumbrances are not expenditures and are reported as a reservation of fund balances in governmental funds and are carried forward to supplement appropriations of the subsequent year. Certain appropriations that are not "annual appropriations" do not lapse at year-end. These continuing appropriations include those from special or unanticipated revenues, capital projects and specific items that are not required to have been completed at year-end. Continuing appropriations are reported as a reservation of fund balances in governmental funds and are carried forward to supplement to supplement appropriations of the subsequent year.

# C. Final Budget

The final budget consists of the original budget adjusted for appropriate legal changes applicable to the year, including those occurring during and after the end of the year.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2012

# **NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF BUDGETARY TO GAAP DIFFERENCES**

## **Basis and Timing Differences**

The basis of accounting or the timing of transactions used or applied by the funds in the basic financial statements (fund financial statements) differs from the basis of accounting or timing of transactions used or applied by the funds for budgetary purposes. The following is an explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP revenues and expenditures.

Budgetary Fund	General Fund		
Financial Statement Major Fund	General Fund		
Sources / Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 19,255,689		
Differences - Budget to GAAP:			
Budgetary inflows that are not revenues for financial reporting purposes Beginning unreserved fund (balance) deficit - used to reduce taxes Capital reserve transfers Financial reporting revenues that are not inflows for budgetary purposes Earnings on capital reserve investments	(416,331) (448,322) 439		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 18,391,475		
Uses / Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 18,548,709		
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Budgetary outflows that are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes Capital reserve transfers Transfers to other funds	(294,691) (232,940)		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 18,021,078		

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Food Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other governments Inventories Total assets	\$	4,774 1,681 18,776 <u>26,544</u> 51,775	\$	4,774 1,681 18,776 <u>26,544</u> 51,775	
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$	42 19,039 6,150 25,231	\$	42 19,039 6,150 25,231	
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances		26,544 - - - 26,544		26,544 - - - 26,544	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	51,775	\$	51,775	

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2012

	d Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues				
Local sources State of New Hampshire sources Federal sources Operating transfers in	\$ 273,513 7,898 295,393 84,810	\$ 273,513 7,898 295,393 	5	
Total revenues and other financing sources Expenditures	 661,614	661,614	-	
Food service program	 653,893	653,893	-	
Total expenditures and other financing sources	 653,893	653,893	-	
Excess revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	7,721	7,721		
Fund balances - beginning of year	 18,823	18,823	-	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 26,544	\$ 26,544	=	

FEDERAL AWARDS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# **GRZELAK AND COMPANY, P.C.**

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Members – American Institute of CPA's Members – New Hampshire Society of CPA's Post Office Box 8 Laconia, New Hampshire 03247 Telephone (603) 524-6734

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the School Board Shaker Regional School District Belmont, New Hampshire

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shaker Regional School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Shaker Regional School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Shaker Regional School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Shaker Regional School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Shaker Regional School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, School Board, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Grzelak and Co., P.C.

GRZELAK AND COMPANY, P.C., CPA's Laconia, New Hampshire August 14, 2014 **GRZELAK AND COMPANY, P.C.** 

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Members – American Institute of CPA's Members – New Hampshire Society of CPA's Post Office Box 8 Laconia, New Hampshire 03247 Telephone (603) 524-6734

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the School Board Shaker Regional School District Belmont, New Hampshire

## Compliance

We have audited Shaker Regional School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Shaker Regional School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. Shaker Regional School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Shaker Regional School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Shaker Regional School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Shaker Regional School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Shaker Regional School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Shaker Regional School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

### Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Shaker Regional School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Shaker Regional School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Shaker Regional School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*, as defined above.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to each of Shaker Regional School District's major programs and our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of our testing, and to provide an opinion on Shaker Regional School District's internal control over compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Shaker Regional School District's compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and its internal control over compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Grzelak and Co., P.C.

**GRZELAK AND COMPANY, P.C., CPA's** Laconia, New Hampshire August 14, 2014

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA #	Pass Through ID #	Expenditures of Federal Awards
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through the NH Surplus Distribution Section			
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582		\$ 38,897
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		49,200
National School Lunch Program	10.555		207,297
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555		44,689
			301,186
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			340,083
Passed through the Town of Belmont, NH			
ARRA - Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant	81.128	ARRA	241,506
Passed through the Town of Canterbury, NH			,
ARRA - Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant	81.128	ARRA	66,604
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			·
Passed through the NH Department of Education			
TITLE I CLUSTER			
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 10-11	84.010	SINI	5,268
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 10-11	84.010	10130	7,823
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 11-12	84.010	20130	313,982
ARRA - Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies 10-11	84.389	ARRA	44,176
			371,249
SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) 10-11	84.027	12739	665
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) 11-12 POMS	84.027	POMS	850
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) 11-12	84.027	22739	305,883
ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) 10-11	84.391	ARRA	3,493
Special Education - Preschool Grants 11-12	84.173	22739	3,036
ARRA - Special Education - Preschool Grants 10-11	84.392	ARRA	402
			314,329
Safe and Drug Free Schools	84.186	26466	3,349
Literacy - Striving Readers Comp Literacy Grant	84.371	23804	3,710
Rural and Low Income 12-13	84.358	26262	315
Rural and Low Income 11-12	84.358	16262	32,847
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	14930	2,703
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	24930	76,433
Education Jobs Fund - Adequacy	84.410	Ed Jobs	148,719
Education Jobs Fund - Supplemental	84.410	Ed Jobs	3,981
			272,057
			957,635
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,605,828

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2012

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared in accordance with the regulations defined in the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB), Circular No. A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared for the period covered by the related financial statements, the year ended June 30, 2012.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The operating activities of all federal awards are accounted for within the governmental funds (general and special revenue) of the District. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The expenditures reported in the schedule are based on requirements defined in OMB Circular A-133 and include, but are not limited to, expenditure/expense transactions associated with grants, cost reimbursement contracts, the receipt or use of program income and the distribution or consumption of food commodities. During the year ended June 30, 2012 the District expended funds associated with grants, received surplus commodities and received cost reimbursements for meals served.

Expenditures associated with grants are made on a reimbursement basis and any excess of expenditures over receipts are recorded as an accounts receivable at year-end.

# 2. RECONCILIATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNT

The total expenditures of federal awards per the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards reconciles to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Major and Other Governmental Funds as follows:

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	<u>\$ 1,605,828</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Bala	nces
Major Fund	
General Fund - Education Jobs Funds	\$ 152,700
Grants Fund	1,113,045
Food Service Fund	
Federal Commodities Food Distribution	44,689
Fresh Fruit and Vegetables	38,897
School Breakfast Program	49,200
National School Lunch Program	207,297
	\$ 1,605,828

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results June 30, 2012

# Financial Statements

The type of auditor's report issued – Unqualified.

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified No.
- Significant deficiencies identified No.
- Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

## Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified No.
- Significant deficiencies identified No.

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs - Unqualified.

Are there any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 – No.

Identification of major programs:

• TITLE I CLUSTER

CFDA # 84.010 - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

• SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER

CFDA # 84.027 – Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) CFDA # 84.173 – Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) CFDA # 84.391 – ARRA - Special Education - (IDEA, Part B) CFDA # 84.392 – ARRA - Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA, Part B)

• CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

CFDA # 10.553 – School Breakfast Program CFDA # 10.555 – National School Lunch Program

• U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

CFDA # 81.128 – ARRA – Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant

Dollar Threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B Programs - \$300,000.

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee – No.